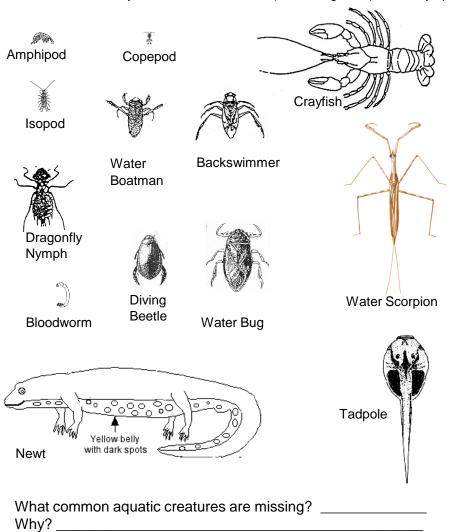
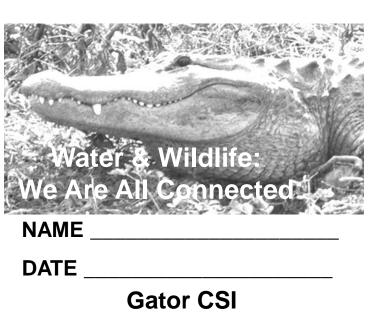
Creatures from the"Black Lagoon"/Cypress Dome

The bowl of the cypress dome is filled by rainwater. What could happen to the water in the dome if it doesn't rain?

Circle the creatures you find. Add field notes (interesting facts) in nearby space.





Gator CSI
How many spaces for teeth are present in the skull portion?
As accurately as possible estimate how many teeth would be in the entire gator's mouth. (Remember there is an upper and lower jaw.)
What is the distance in inches from the nose to the eyes?What is the approximate length of the gator in feet (1 inch = 1 foot)?
On what part of the alligator's body are the osteoderms found?
How could the osteoderms act like a shield?
The osteoderms are imbedded in the alligator's black skin. When the alligator sits in the sun and heats up his skin, what else would get warm?
How would this affect the alligator's body temperature?

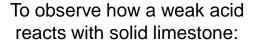


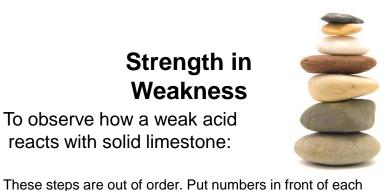
The pH Mystery: Acid or Alkaline?

Water's pH can be changed by decaying organic material such as leaves. They can make it more acid. Likewise, bases such as calcium carbonate (the compound which makes up limestone) can make the water's pH more alkaline.

To find Ph: These steps are out of order. Put numbers in front of each statement to indicate the correct order.
Invert the test tube
Add 3 drops of test solution
Match color of water to chart
Fill test tube to mark with water sample
Read Ph (Below 7 is acid, above 7 is alkaline)
Put cap on test tube
Sample: Cypress Dome
Ph Acid or Alkaline?
Observe: What may account for the Ph reading in the cypress dome?
Sample: Wakulla River
Ph Acid or Alkaline?
Observe: What may account for the Ph reading in the Wakulla River?

Strength in Weakness





statement to indicate the correct order. Add 7 drops of the weak acid to the cup Rub or gently knock two pieces of limestone together Observe and record what happens Collect the dust and place in the small cup **OBSERVATIONS:** What happened as the weak acid was added to the limestone dust? What is happening to the limestone?_ Water can slowly flow through limestone because it is porous (filled with small holes and cracks). As water from the cypress dome sinks into the limestone bedrock and slowly moves through the rock to the Wakulla River, how might the size of the holes and cracks in the limestone change? _____