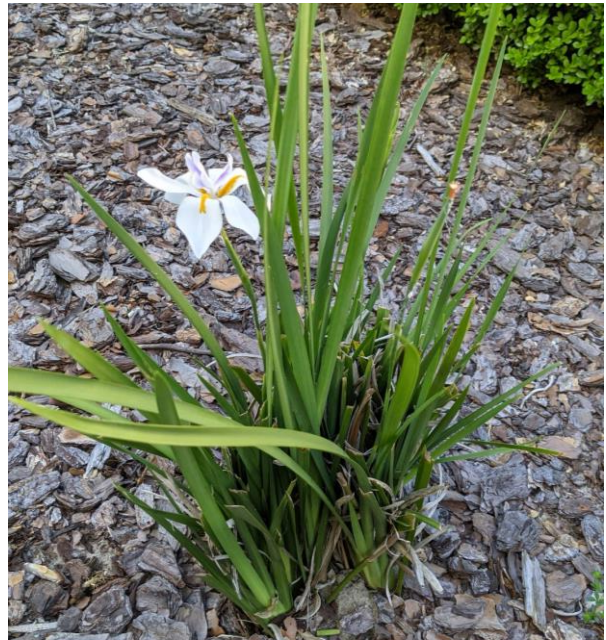


AFRICAN IRIS

Dietes vegeta



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; NATIVE TO THE EAST COAST OF AFRICA
	FLOWERS ARE SHORT-LIVED (2 DAYS)
	EASY CARE
	EVERGREEN
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MOIST; CAN TAKE SOME DRYNESS
SOIL:	WIDE RANGE OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS; BUT PREFERS MOIST, RICH SOIL
FLOWERS:	WHITE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	SPORADICALLY THROUGH SPRING AND SUMMER
SEEDS:	BLACK SEEDS WITHIN A POD-LIKE STRUCTURE

AMERICAN BASSWOOD

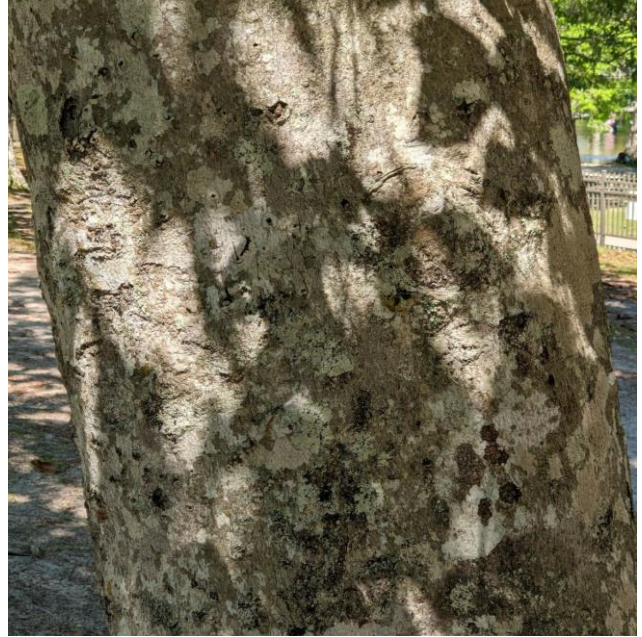
Tilia americana



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE, SOUTHERN EXTENT OF ITS RANGE
	GROWS 50-80 FEET TALL
	YELLOW FALL COLOR
	BIRDS ATTRACTED TO ITS SEEDS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-8; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST
SOIL:	WIDE RANGE OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS BUT PREFERS MOIST FERTILE SOILS
FLOWERS:	YELLOW-GREEN FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY
SEEDS:	SMALL ROUND, HARD, BROWN FRUIT

AMERICAN BEECH

Fagus grandifolia



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 50-75 FEET TALL
	YELLOW FALL COLOR
	NUTS HIGH IN NUTRITION FOR WILDLIFE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 4-8; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED MOIST ACID SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN NUTS ENCASED IN A PRICKLY BURR

AMERICAN HOLLY

Ilex opacum



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 30-50 FEET TALL
	DIOECIOUS (MALE AND FEMALE TREES) – ONLY FEMALE TREES GET THE RED BERRIES
	BERRIES ARE A WILDLIFE FOOD SOURCE
	GOOD UNDERSTORY TREE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-9; EVERGREEN
SUN:	PART SHADE TO SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED MOIST ACID SOILS; CAN TOLERATE DRY CONDITIONS
FLOWERS:	SMALL WHITE FLOWERS POPULAR WITH POLLINATORS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	RED BERRIES; SEEDS REQUIRE TWO TO THREE YEARS OF DORMANCY PRIOR TO GERMINATING.

ASPARAGUS FERN

Asparagus aethiopicus



SPECIAL NOTES: NON-NATIVE; INVASIVE; ORIGINATES FROM SOUTH AFRICA
 CREATES THICK PATCHES OF GROWTH
 CROWDS OUT AND DESTROYS NATIVE PLANTS
 VERY DIFFICULT TO ERADICATE ONCE ESTABLISHED
 RED BERRIES TOXIC TO DOGS AND CATS

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 7-11

SUN: FULL SUN TO PART SHADE

WATER: NOT FUSSY

SOIL: ANY WILL DO

FLOWERS: SMALL WHITE FLOWERS

BLOOM TIME: MAY

SEEDS: RED ROUND BERRIES

AZALEA

Rhododendron spp.



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; NATIVE TO EASTERN ASIA SPECTACULAR SHOW OF BLOOMS IN THE SPRING EASY CARE EVERGREEN
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 6-9
SUN:	PART SUN TO PART SHADE, LIKES DAPPLED SUNLIGHT
WATER:	MOIST; CAN TAKE SOME DRYNESS
SOIL:	MUST HAVE ACID WELL-DRAINED SOIL
FLOWERS:	WHITE, PINK, RED, AND OTHER SHADES INBETWEEN
BLOOM TIME:	USUALLY IN SPRING; SOME VARIETIES BLOOM IN THE FALL
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN SEEDS

BALD CYPRESS

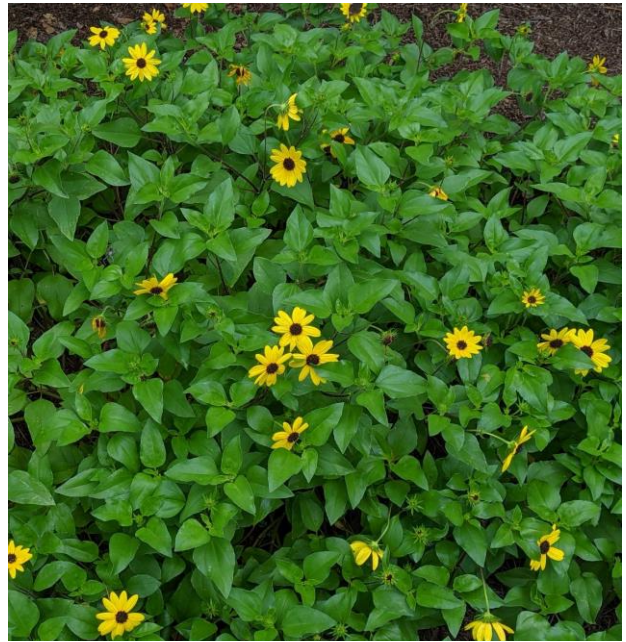
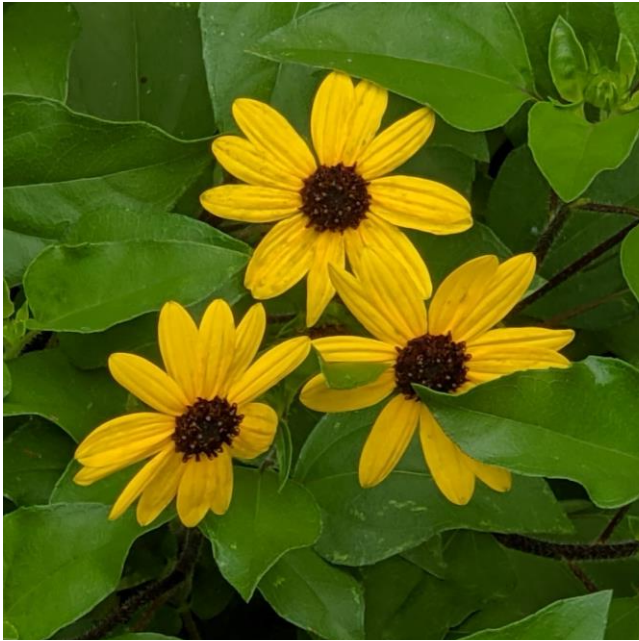
Taxodium distichum



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 100-150 FEET HIGH
	GROWS MODERATELY FAST
	YELLOW TO RUST FALL COLOR
	GOOD FOR SHADE IN WET AREAS
	HURRICANE RESISTANT
	SEEDS FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-10; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST OR INUNDATED SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	ROUND BROWN SEEDS INSIDE SPHERICAL CONE

BEACH SUNFLOWER

Helianthus debilis



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE COLORFUL AND DROUGHT-RESISTANT GROUNDCOVER FLOWER HEADS FOLLOW THE SUN THROUGH THE DAY PERENNIAL THAT RESEEDS SENSITIVE TO FREEZING TEMPERATURES; BUT WILL RESEED FAVORITE OF BUTTERFLIES AND POLLINATORS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SUN
WATER:	LIKE IT ON THE DRY SIDE; CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	SANDY, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	YELLOW "BLACK-EYED SUSAN" TYPE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-OCTOBER
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN SEEDS

BEAUTYBERRY

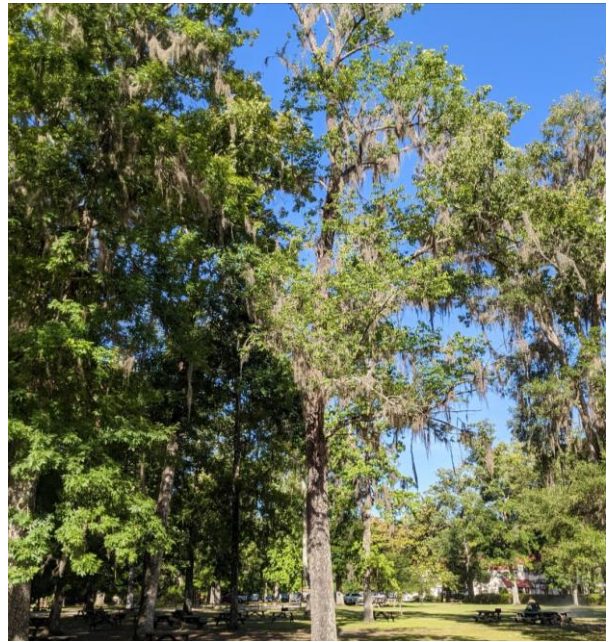
Callicarpa americana



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS
	FRUITS CAN BE USED IN MAKING JELLY
	CHEMICALS IN LEAVES CAN BE AN EFFECTIVE INSECT REPELLANT
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-10; PERENNIAL
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	TOLERATES EXTREME HEAT AND DROUGHT
SOIL:	DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	SMALL PINK FLOWERS IN CLUSTERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY - JUNE
SEEDS:	SEEDS INSIDE PINK TO PURPLE FRUITS

BLACK CHERRY

Prunus serotina



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	CAN GROW 60-90 FEET HIGH
	WOOD HIGHLY PRIZED BY WOOD WORKERS
	DECIDUOUS
	BIRDS ENJOY THE FRUIT
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-9
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	WHITE
BLOOM TIME:	USUALLY IN FEBRUARY
SEEDS:	RED TO PURPLE ½ INCH ROUND FRUIT; EDIBLE BUT BITTER

BLACK TUPELO

Nyssa sylvatica



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS TO 75 FEET TALL
	RED TO PURPLE FALL COLOR
	CAN GROW IN WET AREAS
	BIRDS EAT FRUIT
	TRUNK IS BROADER AT BASE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 4-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST OR INUNDATED SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	GREEN INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	¼ TO ½ INCH-LONG BLUISH-BLACK FRUIT

BLUE BEECH (MUSCLEWOOD)

Carpinus caroliniana



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 20-30 FEET TALL
	YELLOW FALL COLOR
	GOOD UNDERSTORY TREE WITH MUSCLE-LIKE, GRAY BARK
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST
SOIL:	PREFERS MOIST FERTILE SOILS
FLOWERS:	NON-SHOWY, YELLOW-GREEN CATKIN-LIKE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL
SEEDS:	OVAL BROWN 0.5 TO 1 INCH IN LENGTH

BLUFF OAK

Quercus austrinum



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	ACORNS MAKE GOOD FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
	GROWS 40-60 FEET HIGH
	ATTRACTIVE SHADE TREE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS RICH MOIST SOIL, BUT CAN HANDLE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	ACORNS ABOUT 0.5-0.75 INCHES

BOXWOOD

Buxus sempervirens



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; NATIVE TO EUROPE USED AS AN EVERGREEN HEDGE SLOW GROWING DECIDUOUS NEEDS IRRIGATION IN SANDY SOILS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 6-8
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL; DOES NOT LIKE TO BE DRY FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME
SOIL:	CLAY OR LOAMY SOILS WITH ORGANIC MATTER
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS
BLOOM TIME:	SPRING
SEEDS:	SMALL AND INCONSPICUOUS

BRONZE FENNEL

Foeniculum vulgare



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE TO THE MEDITERANEAN
	HERB USED IN COOKING
	SEEDS, LEAVES, AND FLOWERS ARE EDIBLE
	FLOWERS ATTRACT MANY DIFFERENT POLLINATORS
	FOOD PLANT OF BLACK SWALLOWTAIL BUTTERFLY CATERPILLARS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5 - 9; PERENNIAL
SUN:	4-6 HOURS FULL SUN
WATER:	MOIST BUT NOT WATERLOGGED
SOIL:	FERTILE, WELL-DRAINED
FLOWERS:	YELLOW
BLOOM TIME:	JUNE - JULY
SEEDS:	BROWN

BURFORD HOLLY

Ilex cornuta “Burfordii”



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE, ORIGINATES FROM CHINA OR OTHER PARTS OF ASIA
	OFTEN USED AS A SHRUB OR HEDGE BUT CAN BE TRAINED AS A SMALL TREE
	EVERGREEN
	FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS AND FRUITS ATTRACT BIRDS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-9
SUN:	FULL SUN OR PART SHADE
WATER:	DROUGHT TOLERANT AND FLOOD TOLERANT
SOIL:	RICH, WELL-DRAINED, ACID SOIL
FLOWERS:	SMALL WHITE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-MAY
SEEDS:	SEEDS ARE FOUND IN SMALL RED BERRIES

BUTTERFLY WEED

Asclepias tuberosa



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	FOOD PLANT FOR MONARCH BUTTERFLY CATERPILLARS
	GROWS 1 – 2.5 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-9; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	DROUGHT TOLERANT
SOIL:	DRY TO MEDIUM WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	ORANGE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY - JUNE
SEEDS:	BROWN SEEDS ATTACHED TO WHITE 'PARACHUTES'

CABBAGE PALM

Sabal palmetto



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE; STATE TREE OF FLORIDA
	LEAF HEART IS EDIBLE; BUT DOING SO KILLS TREE
	TRUNK AND FRONDS HAVE BEEN USED TO BUILD SHELTERS
	FRUIT IS CONSUMED BY WILDLIFE
	SLOW GROWING, CAN GROW 40-50 FEET HIGH
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL; DOES NOT LIKE TO BE DRY FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	WHITE
BLOOM TIME:	MAY-JUNE
SEEDS:	BLACK FRUITS ABOUT ¼ INCH IN DIAMETER

CAMELLIA

Camellia japonica (var. Pink Perfection)



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; ORIGINATES IN ASIA PERENNIAL EVERGREEN SHRUB SLOW GROWING "ROSE OF WINTER" 5-10 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-10; EVERGREEN
SUN:	PART SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOISTURE BUT CAN TAKE PERIODS OF DRYNESS
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED MOIST LOAMY SOILS PREFERRED; MUST BE ACID
FLOWERS:	PINK, DOUBLE, ROSE-LIKE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	DECEMBER-FEBRUARY
SEEDS:	0.25 INCH OVAL BROWN SEEDS

CAMELLIA

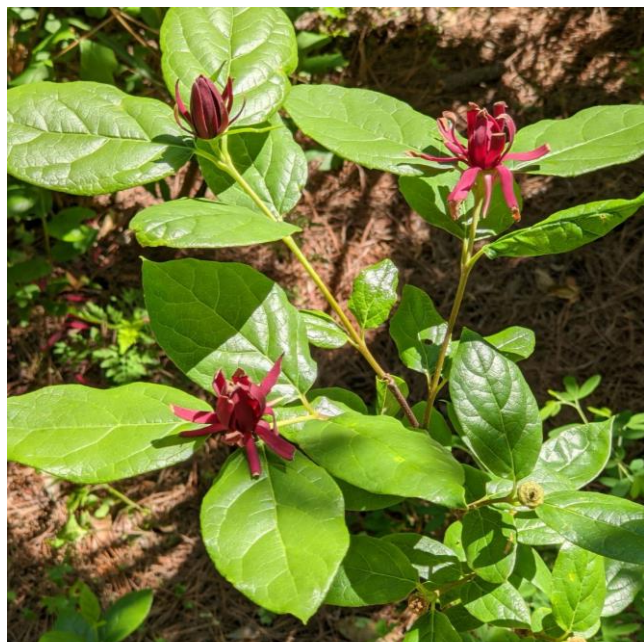
Camellia japonica (var. Professor Sargent)



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; ORIGINATES IN ASIA PERENNIAL EVERGREEN SHRUB SLOW GROWING "ROSE OF WINTER" 5-10 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-10; EVERGREEN
SUN:	PART SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOISTURE BUT CAN TAKE PERIODS OF DRYNESS
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED MOIST LOAMY SOILS PREFERRED; MUST BE ACID
FLOWERS:	DEEP RED, DOUBLE, ROSE-LIKE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	DECEMBER-FEBRUARY
SEEDS:	0.25 INCH OVAL BROWN SEEDS

CAROLINA SWEETSHRUB

Calycanthus floridus



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	PERENNIAL SHRUB
	RESISTANT TO DISEASE AND INSECT PROBLEMS
	5-7 FEET TALL
	DRIED FLOWERS HAVE CHOCOLATE OR STRAWBERRY SCENT
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 4-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SUN
WATER:	CAN TAKE HOT, DRY CONDITIONS, BUT PREFERS MOISTURE
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED, MOIST, LOAMY SOILS PREFERRED
FLOWERS:	DARK RED FRAGRANT FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-MAY
SEEDS:	URN-SHAPED FRUITS WITH SMALL BROWN SEEDS

CAST IRON PLANT

Aspidistra elatior



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE, NATIVE TO TAIWAN AND JAPAN
	EVERGREEN
	RELIABLE ACCENT PLANT OR GROUNDCOVER IN SHADY AREAS
	AS LONG AS IT IS NOT IN FULL SUN, THIS PLANT IS NEARLY INDESTRUCTABLE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-11
SUN:	PART OR FULL SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT IS DROUGHT RESISTANT
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	CREAMY PURPLE, WELL HIDDEN BY FOLIAGE
BLOOM TIME:	EARLY SUMMER
SEEDS:	½ INCH ROUND GREEN

CHASTE TREE

Vitex agnus-castus



SPECIAL NOTES: NON-NATIVE (MEDITERRANEAN AND CENTRAL ASIA)

SMALL FLOWERING TREE

ATTRACTS MANY DIFFERENT POLLINATORS

GROWS 10-15 FEET TALL

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 7-11; DECIDUOUS

SUN: FULL SUN TO PART SHADE

WATER: DROUGHT TOLERANT

SOIL: WELL-DRAINED SOILS

FLOWERS: LAVENDER FLOWERS

BLOOM TIME: MAY-JULY

SEEDS: SMALL BLACK FLESHY FRUITS

CHERRY-LAUREL

Prunus caroliniana



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	DEPENDABLE, EASILY GROWN
	POLLINATORS ENJOY THE EARLY SPRING FLOWERS
	CRUSHED LEAVES GIVE OFF A MARASCHINO CHERRY FRAGRANCE
	25-40 FEET TALL
	BIRDS LOVE TO EAT THE FRUIT
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-10
SUN:	FULL SUN TO SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST RICH SOIL, BUT CAN WITHSTAND DROUGHT
SOIL:	WIDE RANGE OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	CLUSTERS OF SMALL SHOWY WHITE FRAGRANT FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH
SEEDS:	OVAL SHINY BLACK FRUIT

CIGAR PLANT

Cuphea ignea



SPECIAL NOTES: NON-NATIVE, NATIVE TO MEXICO AND THE WEST INDIES
BLOOMS UNTIL FREEZE, DIES TO GROUND, MAY COME BACK
NOT KNOWN TO BE INVASIVE
HAS OUTSTANDING ORNAMENTAL FEATURES

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 9-11

SUN: PART SUN TO PART SHADE

WATER: PREFERS MOIST SOIL; DOES NOT LIKE TO BE DRY FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME

SOIL: WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS

FLOWERS: RED WITH YELLOW TIP

BLOOM TIME: THROUGHOUT THE GROWING SEASON

SEEDS: SMALL BLACK SEEDS

COMMON PRIVET

Ligustrum japonicum



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE, CAN BE INVASIVE (NATIVE TO CHINA)
	FAST GROWING
	USED AS AN EVERGREEN ORNAMENTAL SHRUB
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-11
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	TOLERATES EXTREME HEAT, WET CONDITIONS, DROUGHT AND EVEN SALT
SOIL:	TOLERATES AND THRIVES IN A WIDE VARIETY OF CONDITIONS
FLOWERS:	WHITE CLUSTERS OF FRAGRANT FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-MAY
SEEDS:	FLAT BLACK TO BLUE BERRY-LIKE POISONOUS FRUITS

COONTIE

Zamia pumila



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE (ONLY CYCAD NATIVE TO FLORIDA) FOOD PLANT FOR ATALA BUTTERFLY CATERPILLAR HAS A MALE AND FEMALE PLANT INDIGENOUS PEOPLE USED THE PROPERLY PREPARED ROOT FOR FOOD (OTHERWISE, PLANT PARTS ARE POISONOUS).
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONES 7-10
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	TOLERATES EXTREME HEAT AND DROUGHT WHEN ESTABLISHED
SOIL:	PREFERS DRY WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	PRODUCES CONES, CONES ON MALE PLANTS PRODUCE POLLEN WHILE CONES ON FEMALE PLANTS PRODUCE BRIGHT ORANGE POISONOUS FRUITS.
SEEDS:	POISONOUS BROWN SEEDS INSIDE RED FRUIT

CORAL BEAN

Erithrena herbacea



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	FAVORITE OF HUMMINGBIRDS AND BUTTERFLIES
	FREEZES TO THE GROUND IN WINTER
	SALT TOLERANT
	LONG-LIVED PERRENIAL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONES 8-11
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST; BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	PREFERS FERTILE WELL-DRAINED SANDY SOIL
FLOWERS:	RED TUBULAR FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY
SEEDS:	BRIGHT RED BEAN-LIKE SEEDS INSIDE A POD (POISONOUS)

CORAL HONEYSUCKLE

Lonicera sempervirens



SPECIAL NOTES: NATIVE

MAY LOSE LEAVES IN WINTER, BUT COMES BACK IN SPRING

FAVORITE OF HUMMINGBIRDS

BERRIES DRAW SONGBIRDS IN LATE SUMMER AND FALL

WORKS WELL ON TRELLISES AND FENCES

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 4-10

SUN: FULL SUN TO PART SHADE

WATER: PREFERS MOIST SOIL; DOES NOT LIKE TO BE DRY FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME

SOIL: WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS, DOES BEST IN SLIGHTLY ACID SOIL

FLOWERS: PINK TO RED TUBULAR FLOWERS

BLOOM TIME: THROUGHOUT THE GROWING SEASON

SEEDS: ROUND, 1/3 INCH FRUIT WITH SMALL BLACK SEEDS

CRAPE MYRTLE

Lagerstroemia species



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE (CHINA, JAPAN, AND OTHER PARTS OF SOUTHEAST ASIA)
	PLANTED FOR THEIR FLOWERS, ORNAMENTAL BARK, AND LEAVES
	HEAT AND DROUGHT TOLERANT
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	TOLERATES EXTREME HEAT
SOIL:	PREFERS LOAMY SOILS THAT ARE SLIGHTLY ACID, DOES NOT LIKE WET SOILS
FLOWERS:	COLORS INCLUDE PURPLE, LAVENDER, WHITE, PINK, AND RED
BLOOM TIME:	MAY-AUGUST
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN SEEDS INSIDE SPHERICAL POD

CRINUM LILY

Crinum species



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; NATIVE TO ASIA CREATES 3-4 FOOT MOUNDS WINTER DORMANT GROW FROM LARGE BULBS LUBBER GRASSHOPPERS RELISH THE LEAVES
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11
SUN:	PART SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST; BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	FRAGRANT RED AND WHITE STRIPED FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY-JUNE
SEEDS:	GREEN TO BROWN BULB-LIKE FRUIT

CUTLEAF CONEFLOWEER

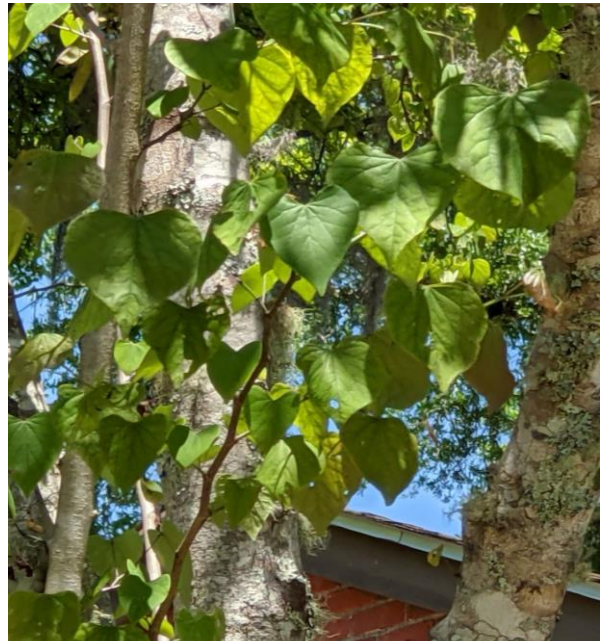
Rudbeckia lancinata



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	LONG-LIVED PERENNIAL
	CAN GROW 3-9 FEET TALL
	ATTRACTS POLLINATORS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-9; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	4 -6 HOURS OF FULL SUN
WATER:	MOIST BUT NOT SOGGY
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED, MOIST SOIL
FLOWERS:	GREEN CENTER, YELLOW RAYS
BLOOM TIME:	JULY - SEPTEMBER
SEEDS:	PRODUCES MANY SMALL BROWN SEEDS; RESEEDS

EASTERN REDBUD

Cercis canadensis



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	SMALL FLOWERING TREE WITH BEAUTIFUL PINK FLOWERS
	GROWS 20-30 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 4-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	PINK FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	FEBRUARY-MARCH
SEEDS:	FLATTENED BEAN-LIKE SEED PODS

ELDERBERRY

Sambucus nigra (subsp.) *canadensis*



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	BERRIES ARE TOXIC WHEN RAW, BUT EDIBLE WHEN COOKED
	FRUITS VERY HIGH IN VITAMIN C
	STEMS ARE WEAK AND BREAK EASILY
	BERRIES ARE A WILDLIFE FOOD SOURCE
	GROWS 8-12 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-10; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	WET BUT NOT INUNDATED
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED MOIST SOILS
FLOWERS:	CLUSTERS OF SMALL WHITE FRAGRANT FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-JUNE
SEEDS:	CLUSTERS OF BLUE-BLACK BERRIES (TOXIC IF NOT COOKED)

FAKAHATCHEE GRASS

Tripsacum dactyloides



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	LONG LIVED PERENNIAL
	GREAT FOR BORDERS OR TO HOLD SOIL ON EMBANKMENTS
	LARVAL HOST FOR THREE-SPOTTED SKIPPER, CLOUDED SKIPPER, AND BYSSUS SKIPPER
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11; PERENNIAL
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	LIKES TO BE MOIST
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	VARIETY OF RED, YELLOW, ORANGE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY - JUNE
SEEDS:	MULTIPLE SMALL BROWN SEEDS

FIREBUSH

Hamelia patens



SPECIAL NOTES: FLORIDA NATIVE

FLOWERS ATTRACT HUMMINGBIRDS AND BUTTERFLIES

CAN GROW AS TALL AS 15 FEET; BUT CAN BE KEPT MORE COMPACT BY PRUNING

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 8-11; PERENNIAL SEMI-WOODY SHRUB; DIES BACK TO THE GROUND AFTER THE FIRST FREEZE (ROOT HARDY PERRENIAL)

SUN: FULL SUN OR PARTIAL SHADE

WATER: HEAT AND DROUGHT TOLERANT ONCE ESTABLISHED

SOIL: WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS

FLOWERS: BRIGHT RED FLOWERS

BLOOM TIME: AUGUST - OCTOBER

SEEDS: SMALL BLACK OVAL BERRIES WITH MANY SEEDS

FLORIDA DOGWOOD

Cornus florida



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	FRUIT ENJOYED BY BIRDS AND OTHER WILDLIFE
	LEAVES HAVE PINK TO REDDISH COLOR IN FALL
	FLOWERS ARE A NECTAR SOURCE IN EARLY SPRING
	SHOWY UNDERSTORY TREE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	PART SHADE TO SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST; NOT DROUGHT TOLERANT
SOIL:	RICH WELL-DRAINED ACID SOIL
FLOWERS:	FOUR-PETALED, WHITE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH
SEEDS:	BRIGHT CRIMSON BERRIES

FLORIDA SUGAR MAPLE

Acer floridanum



SPECIAL NOTES:	NORTH FLORIDA IS SOUTHERN EDGE OF ITS RANGE DOES POORLY DURING DROUGHT OR IN SANDY SOILS GROWS 20-25 FEET HIGH BEAUTIFUL FALL COLOR SQUIRRELS LOVE THE SEEDS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	PART SUN,
WATER:	MOIST BUT NOT SOGGY CONDITIONS
SOIL:	LIKES A SOIL RICH IN HUMUS. MOIST BUT NOT WET
FLOWERS:	SMALL GREENISH-YELLOW FLOWERS. NOT SHOWY
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	WINGED SEEDS THAT MATURE IN FALL

GOLDEN RAGWORT

Packera aurea



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	EVERGREEN PERENNIAL GROUNDCOVER THAT RESEEDS
	SPREADS BY ROOT COLINIZATION
	FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-8
SUN:	FULL TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL
SOIL:	RICH, LOAMY, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	BUTTER-YELLOW PETALS WITH GOLD CENTER
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN SEEDS

GREEN ASH

Fraxinus pennsylvanica



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 60-70 FEET HIGH
	FAST GROWING TREE
	YELLOW FALL COLOR
	GOOD FOR SHADE, BUT PRONE TO DISEASES AND PESTS
	SEEDS FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS GREENISH-YELLOW FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	GREEN 1-2 INCHES LONG, SEED PRODUCTION CAN BE PROFUSE

HURRICANE LILY

Lycoris radiata



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE, ORIGINATES FROM CHINA AND KOREA
	PLANT CONTAINS LYCORINE, MAY CAUSE SEVERE ILLNESS OR DEATH IF INGESTED.
	FLOWERS APPEAR AS IF FROM NOWHERE AFTER HEAVY RAINS IN AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER
	STRAP-LEAF FOLIGE APPEARS AFTER BLOOM BUT DIES BACK IN SPRING.
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 6-10
SUN:	FULL SUN OR PART SHADE
WATER:	TOLERANT OF DROUGHT
SOIL:	RICH, WELL-DRAINED, MOIST SOIL
FLOWERS:	SPECTACULAR CRIMSON RED BLOOMS RADIATING OUT FROM CENTER
BLOOM TIME:	AUGUST-SEPTEMBER

GIANT IRONWEED

Vernonia gigantea



HUMMINGBIRD MOTH



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	LONG-LIVED PERENNIAL
	CAN GROW 3-9 FEET TALL
	ATTRACTS POLLINATORS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-10; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	4 -6 HOURS OF FULL SUN
WATER:	MOIST BUT NOT SOGGY
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED, MOIST SOIL
FLOWERS:	MAGENTA TO PURPLE MASSES OF FLOWERS
BLOOMTIME:	JULY - SEPTEMBER
SEEDS:	PRODUCES MANY SMALL BROWN SEEDS; RESEEDS

LADY BANKS CLIMBING ROSE

Rosa banksiae



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; NATIVE TO CHINA
	VINING HABIT, NEEDS TRELLIS OR SUPPORT
	EASILY PROPOGATED FROM CUTTINGS
	EVERGREEN
	EASY CARE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 6-11
SUN:	FULL SUN
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOILS, WATER DURING DRY PERIODS
SOIL:	WIDE-RANGE OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	CLUSTERS OF CREAMY-YELLOW DOUBLE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	BRIGHT RED ROSE HIP CONTAINING SMALL BROWN SEEDS

LANTANA

Lantana camara cultivar 'Gold Mound'



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE (CAN BE INVASIVE)
	FRUITS, LEAVES AND FLOWERS ARE TOXIC
	PERENNIAL (IF TEMPS DO NOT FALL BELOW 25 DEGREES)
	REMAINS LOW TO GROUND
	POLLINATORS ENJOY THE FLOWERS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-10; WILL DIE BACK TO GROUND WITH FREEZE
SUN:	FULL SUN
WATER:	CAN TAKE HOT, DRY CONDITIONS, BUT PREFERS REGULAR WATERING
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	CLUSTERS OF SMALL YELLOW FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	SPRING - FROST
SEEDS:	CLUSTERS OF BLUE-BLACK BERRIES (TOXIC)

LIVE OAK

Quercus virginiana



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE SYMBOL OF SOUTHERN LIVING FOOD AND SHELTER FOR WILDLIFE ADDS MONETARY VALUE TO HOME SPECTACULAR LONG-LIVED SHADE TREE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-10; SEMI-DECIDUOUS (OLD LEAVES PUSHED OUT IN SPRING TO MAKE WAY FOR NEW)
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS RICH MOIST SOIL, BUT IS DROUGHT TOLERANT
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	TINY YELLOW INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	ACORNS

LYRELEAF SAGE

Salvia lyrata



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE INSECT MAGNET; BUTTERFLIES LOVE IT PERRENIAL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-10; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	PART SHADE TO FULL SUN
WATER:	WELL DRAINED VARIETY OF SOILS; TOLERATES DROUGHT AND FLOODING
SOIL:	DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	TUBULAR LAVENDAR FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH - MAY
SEEDS:	RESEEDS EASILY

MEXICAN SUNFLOWER

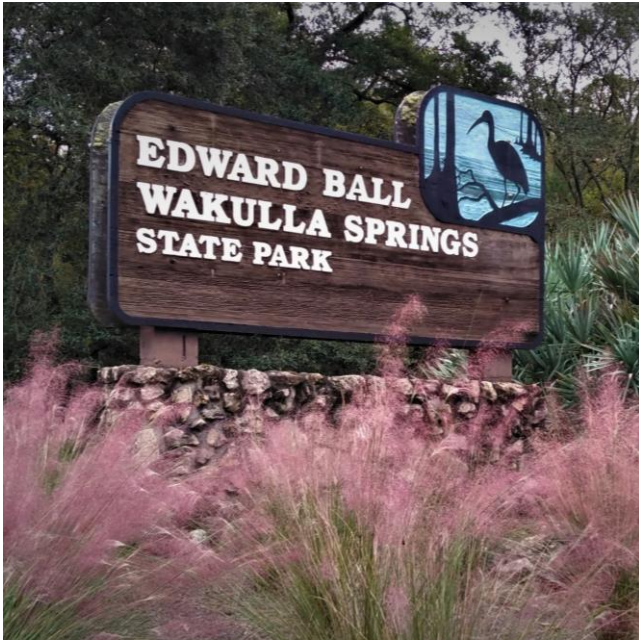
Tithonia diversifolia



SPECIAL NOTES:	NONNATIVE; MEXICO AND CENTRAL AMERICA
	BUSHY HERBACEOUS PLANT
	GROWS 10 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONES 8-11; DIES BACK TO GROUND IN WINTER IN N. FLORIDA
SUN:	FULL SUN
WATER:	AVERAGE WATER NEEDS
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	YELLOW DAISY-LIKE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	LATE OCTOBER INTO NOVEMBER OR UNTIL FROST
SEEDS:	¼ INCH BROWN

MUHLY GRASS

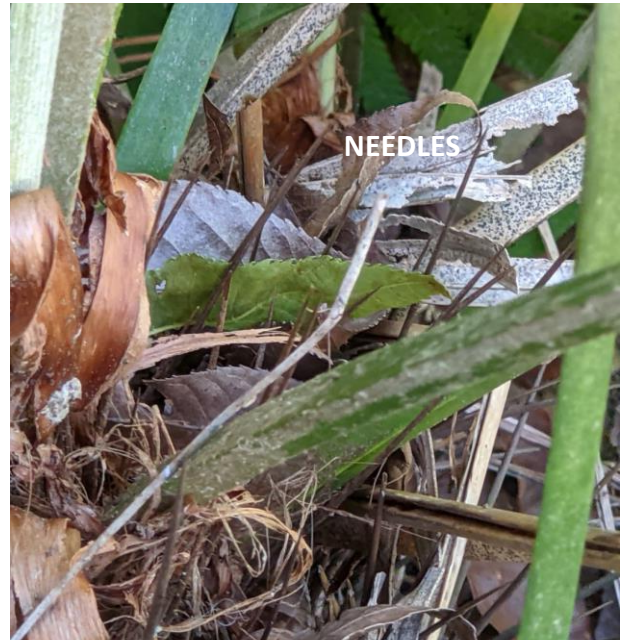
Muhlenbergia capillaris



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE HARD TO FIND A MORE ADAPTABLE GRASS GREAT IN MASS PLANTINGS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-11; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	4 -6 HOURS OF FULL SUN
WATER:	DROUGHT TOLERANT
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	PINK TO PURPLE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	OCTOBER-NOVEMBER
SEEDS:	PRODUCES SMALL BROWN SEEDS; CLUMPS CAN BE DIVIDED

NEEDLE PALM

Rhapidophyllum hystrix



SPECIAL NOTES:	NORTH FLORIDA NATIVE
	SLOW GROWING SHRUBBY PALM
	GREAT LANDSCAPE PLANT THAT ADDS TEXTURAL INTEREST
	VERY COLD HARDY
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-11
SUN:	SUN TO SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, MOIST, WELL-DRAINED SOILS; BUT CAN ADAPT
FLOWERS:	TINY YELLOWISH TO PURPLE-BROWN FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	SPRING AND EARLY SUMMER
SEEDS:	BROWN; 0.5-0.75 INCH

OAKLEAF HYDRANGEA

Hydrangea quercifolia



SPECIAL NOTES: NATIVE

DECIDUOUS SHRUB (SOME MAROON-COLORED LEAVES MAY HANG ON THROUGH WINTER)

CAN GROW 6-10 FEET TALL

FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 5-9

SUN: PART SUN TO SHADE

WATER: PREFERS MOIST SOIL

SOIL: RICH, LOAMY, WELL-DRAINED SOILS

FLOWERS: PANICLES OF WHITE FLOWERS THAT FADE TO PINK

BLOOM TIME: MAY-JUNE

SEEDS: 0.5 INCH OVAL BROWN FRUITS

OCALA ANISE

Illicium parviflorum



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	USUALLY GROWS 10-12 FEET HIGH
	DEER RESISTANT WITH AROMATIC FOLIAGE
	EVERGREEN
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONES 7-10
SUN:	PART SUN TO SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST; BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED WIDE-VARIETY OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	YELLOW, LIGHT GREEN
BLOOM TIME:	MAY - JUNE
SEEDS:	GREEN HARD FRUIT ABOUT 0.5 TO 1.0 INCH

PASSION FLOWER

Passiflora incarnata



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS
	RUNNERS CAN APPEAR 10 FEET OR MORE FROM PARENT
	FOOD PLANT FOR GULF FRITILLARY AND ZEBRA LONGWING CATERPILLARS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-11; PERENNIAL VINE
SUN:	4-6 HOURS OF FULL SUN
WATER:	HEAT AND DROUGHT TOLERANT ONCE ESTABLISHED; FREEZE TO GROUND IN WINTER
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	3-5 INCH LAVENDER TO PURPLE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	JUNE - SEPTEMBER
SEEDS:	EDIBLE OVOID GREEN FRUIT WITH MANY SEEDS

PERSIMMON

Diospyros virginiana



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	DECIDUOUS TREE
	CAN GROW 40-60 FEET TALL
	RED FALL COLOR
	MUST HAVE MALE AND FEMALE TREES TO PRODUCE FRUIT
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 4-9
SUN:	FULL TO PART SUN
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT CAN TOLERATE DROUGHT
SOIL:	RICH, LOAMY, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	SMALL CREAMY WHITE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY
SEEDS:	1.5-2.0 INCH ROUND ORANGE FRUIT

PIGNUT HICKORY

Carya glabra



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	NUTS MAKE GOOD FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
	GROWS 50-65 FEET HIGH
	NUTS HAVE A BITTER TASTE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT ENDURES DROUGHT WELL
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	NOT SHOWY
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-MAY
SEEDS:	NUTS HAVE A PIG-LIKE NOSE PROJECTION ON ONE END

PINDO PALM

Butia odorata



SPECIAL NOTES: NON-NATIVE, ORIGINATES FROM BRAZIL, ARGENTINA, AND URUGUAY

GROWS 15-20 FEET TALL

EVERGREEN

CAN TOLERATE TEMPERATURES DOWN TO 10°F

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 8-11

SUN: FULL SUN

WATER: PREFERS MOIST SOIL, BUT CAN TAKE SOME DROUGHT

SOIL: ALMOST ANY WELL-DRAINED SOIL

FLOWERS: YELLOW FLOWERS ON 3-4 FOOT INFLORESCENCE

BLOOM TIME: MAY

SEEDS: 1 INCH DIAMETER YELLOW TO ORANGE FRUIT

PLUMBAGO

Plumbago auriculata



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE, NATIVE TO SOUTH AFRICA EVERGREEN UNLESS EXPOSED TO HARD FREEZE LARVAL FOOD PLANT OF CASSIUS BLUE (<i>Leptotes cassius</i>) BUTTERFLY A GREAT ORNAMENTAL PLANT BLOOMS ATTRACT BUTTERFLIES
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 9-11
SUN:	PART SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL; DOES NOT LIKE TO BE DRY FOR ANY LENGTH OF TIME
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS, DOES BEST IN SLIGHTLY ACID SOIL
FLOWERS:	BLUE
BLOOM TIME:	THROUGHOUT THE GROWING SEASON AND BEST IN FULL OR PART SUN
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN SEEDS

POP ASH

Fraxinus caroliniana



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 30-50 FEET HIGH
	YELLOW FALL COLOR
	CAN GROW IN WET AREAS
	SEEDS FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 4-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST OR INUNDATED SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	YELLOW TO GREEN INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	1.5–2-INCH-LONG WINGED SEEDS. YELLOW-TAN

PURPLE CONE FLOWER

Echinacea purpurea



SPECIAL NOTES:	SOUTHERN EXTENT OF ITS RANGE IN NORTH FLORIDA FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS; AN INSECT MAGNET PERRENIAL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-8; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	FULL SUN OR PART SHADE
WATER:	MOIST BUT CAN TAKE SHORT DRY PERIODS; FREEZE TO GROUND IN WINTER
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	PINK-PURPLE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	JUNE-SEPTEMBER
SEEDS:	PRODUCES MANY BROWN SEEDS; CAN BE GROWN FROM SEED

PURPLE MEADOW PARSNIP

Thaspium trifoliatum



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	FOOD PLANT FOR BLACK SWALLOWTAIL BUTTERFLY
	GROWS 1 – 2.5 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-9; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	DROUGHT TOLERANT
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	COMPOUND UMBELS OF SMALL YELLOW TO PURPLE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-JUNE
SEEDS:	WINGED FRUITS APPEAR IN MID-SUMMER

RED BUCKEYE

Aesculus pavia



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 12-20 FEET TALL
	FLOWERS ATTRACT HUMMINGBIRDS
	GREAT UNDERSTORY TREE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	PART SUN TO SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST
SOIL:	PREFERS MOIST FERTILE SOILS
FLOWERS:	TUBULAR RED FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH
SEEDS:	ONE-INCH BROWN SEEDS, CHESTNUT-LIKE BUT POISONOUS

RIVER OATS

Chasmanthium latifolium



SPECIAL NOTES: NATIVE

PERENNIAL GRASS; EVERGREEN

SHOULD BE CUT BACK IN EARLY SPRING BEFORE NEW GROWTH

CAN BECOME INVASIVE IF NOT CONTROLLED

LARVAL FOOD PLANT FOR GEMMED SATYR (*Cyllopsis gemma*) BUTTERFLY

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 5-10

SUN: PART SUN TO PART SHADE

WATER: PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT CAN ENDURE SOME DROUGHT

SOIL: WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS

FLOWERS: GREEN TURNING BEIGE

BLOOM TIME: EARLY SUMMER

SEEDS: SMALL BROWN RICE-LIKE SEEDS

SAGO PALM

Cycas revoluta



SPECIAL NOTES: NON-NATIVE; NATIVE TO SOUTHERN JAPAN
DIOECIOUS (HAS MALE AND FEMALE PLANTS)
WINTER DORMANT
SENSITIVE TO FREEZING TEMPERATURES

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 9-11

SUN: FULL SUN TO PART SHADE

WATER: MEDIUM MOIST; BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT

SOIL: WELL-DRAINED SOILS

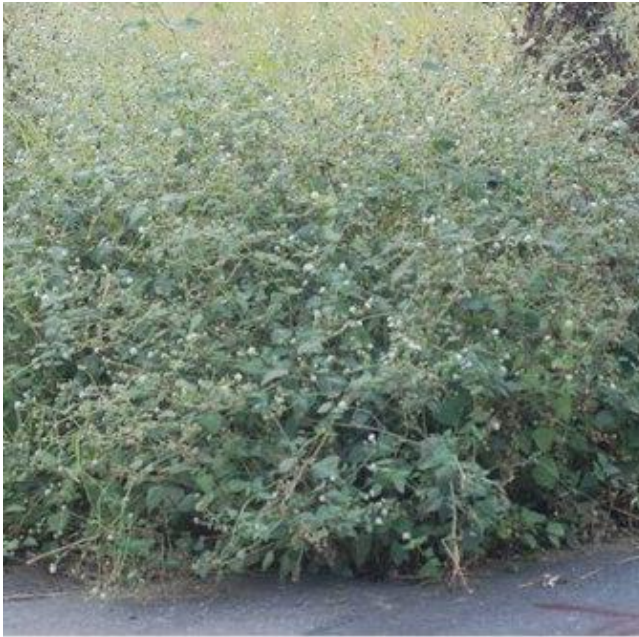
FLOWERS: PRODUCES MALE AND FEMALE CONES

BLOOM TIME: N/A

SEEDS: FOUND IN FEMALE CONE, BROWN SEEDS COVERED WITH ORANGE FLESH; TOXIC

SALT AND PEPPER

Melanthera nivea



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS; AN INSECT MAGNET CAN GET RANGY AND MAY NEED PRUNING LONG LIVED PERRENIAL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	FULL SUN OR PART SHADE
WATER:	HEAT AND DROUGHT TOLERANT; FREEZE TO GROUND IN WINTER
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	WHITE COMPOSITE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	JUNE - OCTOBER
SEEDS:	PRODUCES MANY SMALL BROWN SEEDS; RESEEDS EASILY

SAW PALMETTO

Serenoa repens



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	FLOWERS ATTRACT BUTTERFLIES
	MAKES ATTRACTIVE GROUNDCOVER UNDER EXISTING TREES
	STEMS OFTEN GROW ALONG THE GROUND
	SLOW GROWING
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	YELLOW TO WHITE
BLOOM TIME:	MAY-JUNE
SEEDS:	½ INCH OVAL BLACK FLESHY FRUITS

SHINING SUMAC

Rhus copallina



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	GOOD ORNAMENTAL PLANT
	CAN GROW 6-10 FEET TALL
	LEAVES TURN BRIGHT ORANGE-RED IN FALL
	SHOWY CLUSTERS OF RED BERRIES ATTRACT WILDLIFE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-10
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL; BUT TOLERATES DROUGHT WELL
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	CLUSTERS OF SMALL YELLOW FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY-JUNE
SEEDS:	CLUSTERS OF SMALL RED BERRIES

SHUMARD OAK

Quercus shumardii



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 55-80 FEET TALL
	FOOD AND SHELTER FOR WILDLIFE
	SQUIRRELS ENJOY ACORNS
	GROWS FAST
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN
WATER:	PREFERS RICH MOIST SOIL, BUT IS DROUGHT TOLERANT
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	ACORNS

SLENDER GOLDENROD

Solidago stricta



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS
	RESEEDS ITSELF AND ALSO SPREADS FROM RHYSOMES
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-9; PERENNIAL
SUN:	4-6 HOURS OF FULL SUN
WATER:	LIKES MOIST CONDITIONS
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED
FLOWERS:	SHOWY YELLOW FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	AUGUST-OCTOBER
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN SEEDS

SOUTHERN MAGNOLIA

Magnolia grandiflora



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE FLOWERS ATTRACT POLLINATORS ATTRACTIVE SPECIMEN TREE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONES 7-10
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	TOLERATES EXTREME HEAT AND DROUGHT WHEN ESTABLISHED
SOIL:	PREFERS MOIST PEATY SOILS THAT ARE WELL-DRAINED
FLOWERS:	LARGE, CREAMY-WHITE, FRAGRANT FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY - JUNE
SEEDS:	RED SEEDS PRODUCED IN 3-5 INCH POD

RED CEDAR

Juniperus silicicola



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 25-40 FEET HIGH
	SOMETIMES USED AS A CHRISTMAS TREE
	BIRDS AND SQUIRRELS EAT THE FRUIT
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-10
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST; BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WIDE RANGE OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS, PREFERS MOIST FERTILE
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS
BLOOM TIME:	SPRING
SEEDS:	SMALL BLUE FLESHY-COVERED CONES

SPRUCE PINE

Pinus glabra



SPECIAL NOTES:	NORTH FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 30-60 FEET HIGH
	BARK RESEMBLES THAT OF A HARDWOOD TREE
	BIRDS AND SQUIRRELS EAT THE SEEDS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-9
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST; BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WIDE RANGE OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS, PREFERS MOIST FERTILE
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS
BLOOM TIME:	SPRING
SEEDS:	INSIDE SMALL BROWN CONES

STARRY ROSINWEED

Silphium asteriscus



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	HAS A GUMMY OR RESINOUS SUBSTANCE ON THE STEM
	LEAVES HAVE SANDPAPER TEXTURE
	CAN GROW 4-5 FEET TALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-9; WINTER DORMANT
SUN:	4 -6 HOURS OF FULL SUN
WATER:	DROUGHT TOLERANT
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	YELLOW COMPOSITE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	AUGUST - SEPTEMBER
SEEDS:	PRODUCES MANY SMALL BROWN SEEDS; RESEEDS

SUGAR HACKBERRY

Celtis laevigata



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	DECIDUOUS
	CAN GROW 50-70 FEET TALL
	LEAVES TURN YELLOW IN FALL
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-10
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	FERTILE, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	GREENISH WHITE, NOT SHOWY
BLOOM TIME:	APRIL-MAY
SEEDS:	1/3 INCH; TURNS PURPLE WHEN RIPE

SWAMP CHESTNUT OAK

Quercus michauxii



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	ACORNS RELISHED WILDLIFE FOOD
	GROWS 60-90 FEET HIGH
	ATTRACTIVE SHADE TREE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN
WATER:	PREFERS RICH MOIST SOIL, BUT CAN HANDLE DROUGHT
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, WELL-DRAINED, ACIDIC SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	LARGE ACORNS ABOUT 1.5 INCHES

SWAMP LAUREL OAK

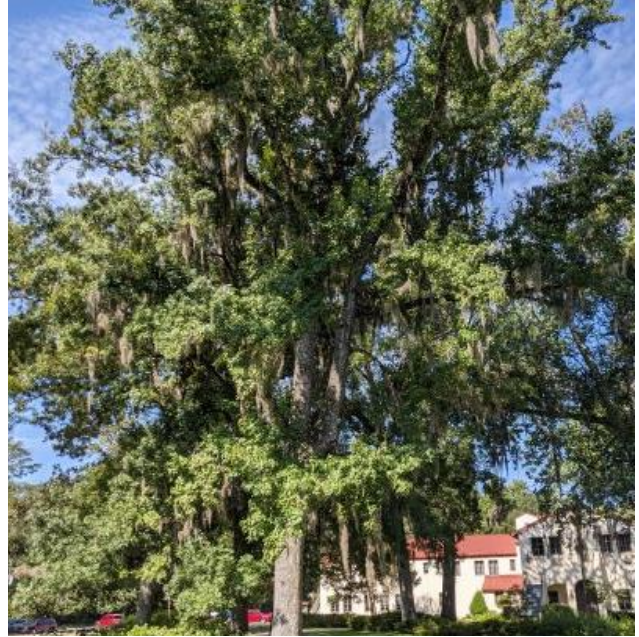
Quercus laurifolia



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 60 TO 70 FEET TALL
	SEMI-EVERGREEN, DECIDUOUS
	CAN GROW IN WET AREAS
	FAST GROWING; LIFE-SPAN OF 50-70 YEARS
	SQUIRRELS EAT ACORNS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 6-10
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	NOT SHOWY, GREEN TO BROWN CATKINS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	½ INCH ROUND TO OVAL ACORNS

SWEETGUM

Liquidambar styraciflua



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	HARD, SPINY, SPHERICAL CLUSTER OF SEED CAPSULES
	GROWS 60-75 FEET HIGH
	LONG-LIVED, MODERATE GROWING TREE
	GOOD FOR SHADE, BUT DO NOT PLANT CLOSE TO BUILDINGS OR SIDEWALKS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 5-10; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS ACID SOIL BUT ACCEPTS A WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS YELLOW TINGED RED FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	OBLONG WINGED BROWN SEEDS INSIDE SPINY CAPSULES

TEA OLIVE

Osmanthus fragrans



SPECIAL NOTES:	NON-NATIVE; NATIVE TO ASIA
	USUALLY GROWS 10-12 FEET HIGH
	CAN PERFUME LARGE AREAS OF THE LANDSCAPE
	EVERGREEN FOLIAGE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-9
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	MEDIUM MOIST; BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	FRAGRANT CREAMY WHITE FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	NOVEMBER -FEBRUARY
SEEDS:	ROUND 0.5 INCH BLUE TO BLACK FRUIT

TRUMPET VINE

Campsis radicans



SPECIAL NOTES: NATIVE

LOSES LEAVES IN WINTER MONTHS

SUITED FOR PLANTING AT THE BASE OF AN ARBOR OR TRELLIS

FLOWERS ATTRACT HUMMINGBIRDS

FLOWERS ATTRACT BEES

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 4-10

SUN: FULL SUN TO PART SHADE

WATER: PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT

SOIL: WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS

FLOWERS: ORANGE RED TRUMPET-SHAPED FLOWERS

BLOOM TIME: MAY-JULY

SEEDS: SMALL BROWN RECTANGULAR SEEDS IN A GREEN PEA-LIKE POD

WATER OAK

Quercus nigra



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	ACORNS MAKE GOOD FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
	GROWS 50-60 FEET HIGH
	FAST GROWER WITH SHORT LIFE SPAN (60-80 YEARS)
	GOOD FOR SHADE, BUT DO NOT PLANT CLOSE TO BUILDINGS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 6-10; SEMI-DECIDUOUS (OLD LEAVES PUSHED OUT IN SPRING TO MAKE WAY FOR NEW)
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS RICH MOIST SOIL
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	TINY YELLOW-BROWN INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	LARGE NUMBERS OF ACORNS

WAX MYRTLE

Myrica cerifera



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	LARVAL FOOD PLANT FOR RED-BANDED HAIRSTREAK
	SEEDS EATEN BY BIRDS
	WAXY BERRIES WERE USED TO MAKE BAYBERRY CANDLES
	CAN BE PRUNED INTO A HEDGE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11; PERENNIAL EVERGREEN SHRUB
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	TOLERATES EXTREME HEAT AND IS SALT TOLERANT
SOIL:	SANDY, WELL-DRAINED; DOES WELL IN A WIDE RANGE OF SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	GRAYISH FRUITS WITH A WAXY COATING

WHITE ASH

Fraxinus americana



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	GROWS 50-80 FEET HIGH
	DIAMOND-SHAPED BARK PATTERN
	LONG-LIVED, RAPIDLY GROWING TREE
	GOOD FOR SHADE, BUT PRONE TO DISEASES AND PESTS
	SEEDS FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-9; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS RICH, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS GREEN FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	TAN 1-2 INCHES LONG, SEED PRODUCTION CAN BE PROFUSE

WHITE OAK

Quercus alba



SPECIAL NOTES:	FLORIDA NATIVE
	ACORNS MAKE GOOD FOOD FOR WILDLIFE
	GROWS 60-100 FEET HIGH
	LONG-LIVED, SLOW GROWING TREE
	GOOD FOR SHADE, BUT DO NOT PLANT CLOSE TO BUILDINGS OR SIDEWALKS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 3-8; DECIDUOUS
SUN:	FULL SUN TO PART SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL
SOIL:	PREFERS ACID SOIL BUT ACCEPTS A WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	INCONSPICUOUS FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	0.5 INCH ACORNS

WHITE WILD INDIGO

Baptisia alba



SPECIAL NOTES: NATIVE

BUSHY PERENNIAL

LEGUME THAT CAN RETURN NITROGEN TO SOIL

DEER LIKE TO BROWSE

SHOWY PLANT

SEEDS, LEAVES, AND FLOWERS TOXIC

PLANTING ZONE: ZONE 5-8; WILL DIE BACK TO GROUND IN WINTER

SUN: FULL TO PART SUN

WATER: CAN TAKE HOT, DRY CONDITIONS, BUT PREFERS MOISTURE

SOIL: WELL-DRAINED SANDY LOAM ACID SOILS

FLOWERS: ERECT CLUSTERS OF WHITE PEA-LIKE FLOWERS

BLOOM TIME: MARCH-APRIL

SEEDS: BROWNISH, HARD AND ROUNDED

WILD PETUNIA

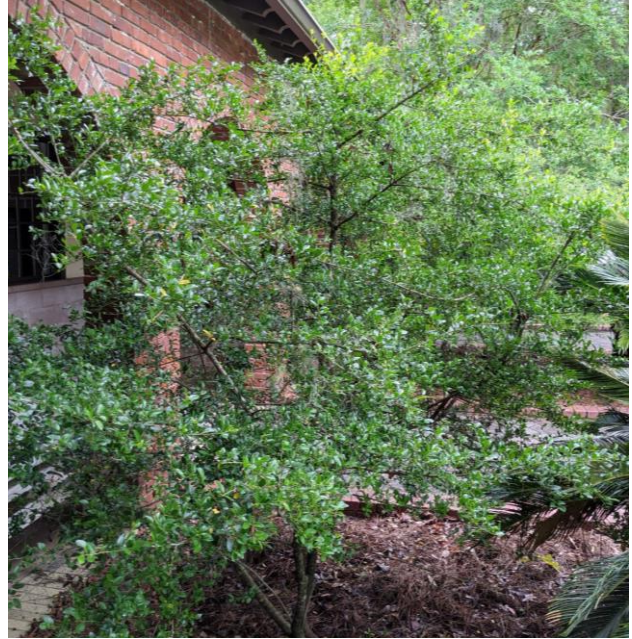
Ruellia caroliniensis



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE
	STRONG GROWERS UNDER ADVERSE CONDITIONS
	NECTAR APPEALING TO BUTTERFLIES
	PERENNIAL THAT RESEEDS
	WINTER DORMANCY
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 8-11
SUN:	PART SUN TO SHADE
WATER:	MOIST; CAN TAKE SOME DRYNESS
SOIL:	MOIST, ACIDIC, WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	BLUE TO VIOLET FLOWERS
BLOOM TIME:	MAY-JUNE
SEEDS:	SMALL BROWN SEEDS

YAUPON HOLLY

Ilex vomitoria



SPECIAL NOTES:	NATIVE; EVERGREEN
	MALE AND FEMALE FLOWERS APPEAR ON SEPARATE PLANTS
	RED BERRIES ARE FOUND ONLY ON FEMALE PLANTS
	TEA MADE FROM LEAVES NOTED FOR HIGH CAFFEINE LEVELS
	FLOWERS ATTRACT BEES
	RED BERRIES ATTRACT BIRDS
PLANTING ZONE:	ZONE 7-9
SUN:	FULL SUN TO FULL SHADE
WATER:	PREFERS MOIST SOIL BUT CAN ENDURE DROUGHT
SOIL:	WIDE VARIETY OF WELL-DRAINED SOILS
FLOWERS:	SMALL WHITE FLOWERS IN CLUSTERS
BLOOM TIME:	MARCH-APRIL
SEEDS:	¼ INCH ROUND RED BERRIES